



$$\frac{A}{-3} + \frac{B}{x-2} + \frac{C}{(x-2)^2}$$

$$\frac{5}{x-2} + \frac{B}{x+1} + \frac{C}{x+3}$$

$$A = -3, B = 2, C = 1$$

$$\frac{5+x}{x-4} + \frac{B}{x-4} + A = \frac{(5+x)(4-x)}{(1-x)(1+x)^2}$$

$$\frac{9x^3 - 27x - 2}{3x^2 - 4x - 4} \equiv Ax + B + \frac{C}{x-2} + \frac{D}{3x+2}$$

$$A = 1, B = -3, C = 4, D = -1$$

$$\frac{3x^2 + 17x - 32}{A(x-1)(x+3) + B(x-1)(x-4) + C(x+3)(x-4)}$$

$$A = 3, B = 4, C = 2, D = -5$$

$$A = 4, B = -3$$

$$\frac{2}{(x+1)(x+3)} \equiv \frac{A}{x+1} + \frac{B}{x+3}$$

$$A = 1, B = 4$$

$$\frac{5-x}{x-3} + \frac{B}{x-3} \equiv \frac{A}{5-x} + \frac{B}{(5-x)(3-x)}$$

$$A = 3, B = -2$$

$$\frac{4x-1}{(x+2)(x-1)} \equiv \frac{A}{x+2} + \frac{B}{x-1}$$

$$A = -2, B = 3$$

$$\frac{10}{x+1} \equiv \frac{A}{x-2} + \frac{B}{x+1}$$

$$9 = C, 1 = B, 2 = A$$

$$\frac{x^2+3}{(x-3)(x-1)} \equiv \frac{A}{x-3} + \frac{B}{x-1} + \frac{C}{1+x}$$

$$A = 1, B = 2$$

$$\frac{x^3 - 3x^2 - x + 2}{x^2 - 4} \equiv Ax + B + \frac{C}{x+2} + \frac{D}{x-2}$$